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Minutes of the Commission Meeting Held on February 2, 2006 In the Stone Building 33 New York Avenue, Oak Bluffs, MA

8 IN ATTENDANCE

- 9 <u>Commissioners:</u> (P = Present; A = Appointed; E = Elected)
- 10 P James Athearn (E Edgartown)
- 11 P John Best (E Tisbury)
- 12 P John Breckenridge (A Oak Bluffs)
- 13 P Christina Brown (E Edgartown)
- 14 P Carlene Condon (A Edgartown)
- 15 Martin Crane (A Governor Appointee)
- 16 Mimi Davisson (E Oak Bluffs)
- 17 Chris Murphy (A Chilmark)
- 18 P Katherine Newman (A Aquinnah)

- 19 P Ned Orleans (A Tisbury)
- 20 P Megan Ottens-Sargent (E Aquinnah)
- 21 P Deborah Pigeon (E Oak Bluffs)
- 22 P Jim Powell (A West Tisbury)
- 23 P Doug Sederholm (E Chilmark)
- 24 P Linda Sibley (E West Tisbury)
- 25 P Paul Strauss (County Comm. Rep.)
- 26 P Andrew Woodruff (E West Tisbury)

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- 28 Staff: Mark London (Executive Director), Bill Veno (Senior Planner), Paul Foley (DRI Coordinator),
- 29 Bill Wilcox

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31 **1. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

32 **Mark London** reported that the Lagoon Pond drawbridge re-opened. Traffic jams weren't as 33 significant as last time, possibly because the closing was well-publicized. He participated in the

34 selection committee for the engineer to design the permanent drawbridge. Three firms have

35 sketched designs and have done presentations. MassHighway finalize its choice and negotiate a

- 36 contract during the next few months.
- 37

38 2. RED GATE FARM: DRI NO. 589

For the Applicant: Richard Renehan, lawyer; Doug Hoehn, engineer; Doug Cooper, earth
 scientist/habitat expert; Edwin Schlossberg, applicant

41 **Christina Brown** opened the public hearing and read the hearing notice on the application to 42 subdivide 366 acres into 7 lots.

43 Megan Ottens-Sargent pointed out for the record that she has been involved in the Moshup
 44 Trail Project.

45 **2.1 Applicant's Presentation**

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47 **Edwin Schlossberg** stated that he and his wife care deeply about this land and Martha's

48 Vineyard. He is very pleased to have put this plan together; he believes it meets the needs of the

49 environment and the family. He appreciates the Commission taking the time to consider the plan.

50 **Dick Renehan** gave a brief overview of the plan, which was developed with LandVest, Doug

- 51 Hoehn, and the family.52 It intends to:
- It intends to:
 Create an estate plan for the three children.
- 54 Protect the Kennedy-Schlossberg Homestead.
- 55 Allow two lots to be sold, if needed.
- 56 Preserve the environment in the area.
- He outlined the subdivision:
- 58 Lots 3, 4 and 5 are being created for the three children
 - Lot 2 is106 acres and protects the Kennedy Homestead
- 60 Two lots, 39 and 53 acres, may be sold.
- 61 Lot 7 is 61 acres and forever non-buildable.
- He concluded by:

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- Emphasizing that this is not a building development plan but an estate plan.
- Noting that it has received support from Sheriff's Meadow, Vineyard Conservation
 Society, and an editorial in the Gazette.
- Noting that it has received strong support from everyone they've been able to talk to
 including officials in Aquinnah who approve of the plan and think it's first rate.
- 68 **Paul Strauss** asked if they'd heard from the Wampanoag Tribe. **Dick Renehan** said Tribe 69 representatives were at their meeting with the Aquinnah Housing Committee; he infers that they 70 will support the plan, which conserves 85% of the acreage as non-buildable.
- Doug Hoehn explained the physical facts of the property, how the development envelopes were
 created, and Aquinnah Planning Board control.
 - The property has approximately 7,000 feet of Squibnonocket Pond frontage and 3500 feet of Atlantic frontage.
- Lot 2 is the Homestead Lot with house, garage, guest house, pool, tennis court, garden,
 caretaker house, garage, and barns; Lot 3 has a small camp.
- Roads will stay the same; Lot 1 has a grass/dirt road; Lot 2 has the main road to the house and to the other lots.
- An aerial topographic and planometric plan was done.
- Within each of the proposed lots is a small building envelope.
- Doug Cooper identified wetlands; development envelopes were created with a 100-foot
 buffer from wetlands and 30-foot property line setbacks and 150-foot road setbacks.
- The subdivision and building envelopes were created with Commission open space and
 priority habitat protection goals in mind. Over 80% of the acreage remains open space
 areas. The development envelopes make up 15.7% of the acreage.
- Doug Cooper prepared a habitat assessment and wrote that the sites selected represent
 areas that have the lowest potential for impact for sensitive resources; also envelopes are
 large enough so that development activities can be shifted.

90 planning. A more specific habitat review is recommended when building is proposed. 91 92 **Doug Hoehn** outlined Aquinnah Planning Board review process. 93 Aguinnah has the most comprehensive land use regulations of any town on the Vineyard. 94 • The Conservation Commission and Planning Board are happy with the plan and are 95 confident that the town has all the regulations in place to deal with development on the 96 land. 97 • Three DCPCs apply to this property. All building in Aquinnah requires a special permit 98 from the Planning Board Planning Review Committee. Most construction requires 2, 3, 4, 99 or 5 special permits. 100 Applicants have to go through Planning Board Planning Review Committee and Mass 101 Historic Commission to do any work on the property including soil testing. 102 • Aquinnah Zoning By-Law has a siting regulation. • Any building exceeding a 2,000 square feet footprint, which includes all structures, 103 requires a special permit. 104 105 • Any applicant in Aguinnah is required to file with Natural Heritage under the Priority 106 Habitat Program, which usually imposes some sort of envelope. 107 Megan Ottens-Sargent asked about the Coastal District buffer. Doug Hoehn said the Coastal District regulations are already incorporated in the by-laws. Megan Ottens-Sargent 108 109 clarified that there are limitations within 200 feet of any resource area and that, in the Coastal 110 District, development within 100 feet of a resource is limited to marine-related activities. 111 Christing Brown clarified that any permitting requests would require more comprehensive on-112 the-ground work. 113 **Dick Renehan** asked Commissioners to restrain themselves in considering the application. 114 A more specific habitat study will be done when anyone is ready to build. • He asked Commissioners to not move lines around at this point and to not require 115 • conditions that would put off a potential buyer. Aguinnah has safeguards in place 116 117 through their permitting process. 118 Offers include: 119 • Lot 7 will be non-buildable. The applicant does not want a conservation restriction or a tax deduction. If the Commission were to include a condition that Lot 7 is unbuildable, the 120 121 applicant would agree. 122 • If lots 1 & 6 are sold outside the family, the applicant will accept a condition that they 123 cannot be subdivided. 124 • There's an outstanding subdivision of about 155 lots. The applicant waives that 125 subdivision and will replace it with the subdivision plan of 7 lots. • The applicant will give \$100,000 to an affordable housing project in Aquinnah 126 127 • With respect to wastewater: 128 The Kennedy property has minimal impact on Squibnocket Pond. 129 Since Squibnocket Pond has nitrogen problems, the applicant is donating \$15,000 toward Aquinnah's share of the Mass Estuaries Project study of the pond. 130 131 Any new buildings on all lots will have state-of-the-art denitrification systems. -Minutes of the Meeting of the Martha's Vineyard Commission, February 1, 2006

Doug Cooper wrote that his evaluations are adequate for subdivision design and estate

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- 132 No non-organic fertilizer or chemical pesticides will be used.
- The applicant is offering to limit building to the development envelopes.
- 134 **Doug Sederholm** asked whether the family has any interest in the adjacent lots.
- Dick Renehan said they were guided by registered land covered by title insurance. All
 land in the proposed subdivision has been assessed to the Kennedy/Schlossbergs for 30
 years.
- Edwin Schlossberg clarified that the family has a small fractional interest in adjacent
 lots with title issues that won't be resolved for a long time.
- 140 **John Best** asked whether the acreage continues across to the Chilmark barrier beach. Di**ck**
- 141 **Rehehan** said that it does not.
- 142 **Megan Ottens-Sargent** pointed out that Aquinnah has a 2-acre zoning residential by-law
- allowing one house for every 2 acres of property. There must be seen in relation to the regulation
- 144 that any construction on a parcel over 2,000 square feet needs a special permit. She suggested
- 145 it may be interesting to look at the current plan in light of the possible approximately 151-lot 146 subdivision.
- Dick Renehan responded that the Vineyard Conservation Commission has noted that
 the merger of lots is a significant benefit.
- Doug Hoehn said the town was divided into set-off lots in 1880s. The previous owner
 went through land court process to clear lots; there are currently about 30 parcels within
 the 366 acres.
- 152 **Christina Brown** clarified that this plan would erase all the previous lots.
- 153 Dick Renehan said they would rely on the letter from Doug Cooper to explain the habitat154 assessment.
- 155 2.2 Staff Report
- 156 **Paul Foley** outlined the contents of the staff report.
- He reviewed maps, lot lines, and definition of wetlands.
- 158 The proposal is to create an estate plan of 7 lots for the 366 acre property.
- 159 Zoning is rural residential.
- 4 DCPCs apply to the property. Aquinnah regulations limit clear-cutting, as do the
 Moshup trail regulations.
- 162 The current plan requires Planning Board endorsement, not approval.
- 163 The property was purchased in 1978; it is mostly undeveloped.
- The goals are to give each child a lot so they have a stake in the land and to maintain
 the privacy of the family.
- The project was referred by the Aquinnah Planning Board under section 3.205 of the
 DRI Checklist as a subdivision of 30 or more acres.
- Key issues include:
- This tract lists two federally listed species and at least ten state species; extensive
 review will be required when development is proposed.
- Squibnocket Pond is a nitrogen-sensitive watershed.
- 172 Development will need to be sensitive to habitat and scenic values.



173	 The property has a wide variety of vegetative communities. 		
174	- The entire property is listed as priority habitat.		
175	 Stewardship of the land has kept the property as a large tract. 		
176	 The Affordable Housing policy isn't triggered but the applicant is donating to an 		
177	Aquinnah project.		
178	- Economic Impact is related to conservation of Lot 7; a conservation organization is		
179	saved from having to purchase the land and it stays on the tax rolls.		
180	 Visually, potentially a few things could be seen from the road. 		
181	 15.7% of the total land will be within development envelopes. 		
182	Correspondence:		
183	 Aquinnah Planning Board and Conservation Commission wrote in support 		
184	 Sheriff's Meadow and Vineyard Conservation Society expressed satisfaction with the 		
185	plan.		
186	Bill Wilcox reported on wastewater:		
187	• The entire project is located in the Squibnocket Pond watershed.		
188	• The property takes up 28% of the watershed and about 41% of the Aquinnah portion of		
189	the watershed.		
190	• Squibnocket is different from the other saltwater ponds; there is no measurable tide and		
191	circulation is sluggish; it takes an excess of a half year to flush the pond.		
192	 Squibnocket is close to its nitrogen-loading limit; additional nitrogen will stimulate the 		
193	growth of phytoplankton. Despite the eutrophic conditions, the pond is productive in		
194	oysters and herring.		
195	• The property is cut by two streams. It has two substantial freshwater ponds and substantial		
196	wetlands.		
197	• The primary soil is Nantucket Plymouth complex with rocks and boulders making up close		
198	to 3% of the ground surface.		
199	The water table is below 6 feet.		
200	Nitrogen from wastewater can be reduced with denitrification systems. Also, wetland		
201	attenuation of the nitrogen is likely to occur, reducing nitrogen by 30%.		
202	Nitrogen load numbers are based on the assumption of 5 new dwellings added to		
203	existing dwellings, denitrification and wetland attenuation, resulting in an estimate of 9.5		
204	kgs of nitrogen on an annual basis from 8 houses.		
205	• The possibility of fertilized landscape is limited possible because a special permit is		
206	required for any clearing over 200 sq. ft. Nevertheless, if each lot had 10,000 square		
207	feet of fertilized landscaping, there would be a total of 13-15 kgs of nitrogen per year,		
208	after the 30% attenuation is calculated.		
209	• The total wastewater and fertilizer annual nitrogen contribution is 34 kgs. This is less than		
210	one percent of the present day nitrogen load, the main source being acid rain.		
211	• The Mass Estuaries Project would be the way to get to most accurate nitrogen limits. The		
212	study can develop recommendations for nitrogen loading limits. This could lead to new		
213	regulations which future applicants would be required to meet when building takes place.		
214	The applicant has offered to contribute up to \$15,000 toward the cost of the project's		
215	local share for Aquinnah and Chilmark.		

216 John Beckenridge asked about eutropic conditions. Bill Wilcox said that phosphorus, also

released by wastewater, could be contributing to the problem. A recommendation would be to set back leaching areas 300 feet.

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John Breckenridge suggested that a condition might potentially be a leaching field setback of 300 feet or a phosphorus reduction component. **Doug Hoehn** responded that a 300-foot setback may be appropriate and added that, down the road, technology may be so advanced that phosphorus reduction may be part of any system.

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225 **Doug Sederholm** asked what could be done to improve the health of Squibnocket Pond.

- Bill Wilcox said that the primary issue is circulation. Herring Creek has a hump in it,
 which may be inhibiting tide flow.
- Edwin Schlossberg confirmed that the beach has opened to Squibnocket Pond during
 Nor'easters.

230 Paul Strauss asked about the nitrogen contribution from the remainder of the watershed. Bill

Wilcox responded that total nitrogen load is about 3,500 kgs, 3000 kgs is from acid rain; the proposed project is less than 1% of the total present-day load.

233 Jim Athearn said should be some discussion of the agricultural potential of any DRI. Christina

234 Brown said the Commission has encouraged applicants to keep land open. Bill Wilcox said

the USDA doesn't rate the soil as good for agriculture; the land has history as sheep farm.

236 Megan Ottens-Sargent pointed out that the proposal does not reference a number of houses

so it is difficult to calculate nitrogen load. Edwin Schlossberg said there are currently 11
 bedrooms in existing houses.

- 239 **Doug Hoehn** confirmed that development envelopes are 150 feet from Moshup Trail.
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241 **2.3 Public Officials**

Sara Thulin, Aquinnah Conservation Commission Chair, said the project has been through the town process and she and Camille Rose, Aquinnah Planning Board, had a good give and take with LUPC.

- Doug Hoehn gave a good overview of the by-laws.
- An important by-law addresses open and visible development. Any future building project
 would be subject to initial site review for open and visible space. Aquinnah has been
 successful in mediating and establishing appropriate siting and footprint for buildings.
- For conservation purposes, they review anything within 200 feet of a wetland or resource area.
 - The review process allows them to bring people in to talk about projects.
- The Aquinnah Planning Board and Conservation Committee support the project. The selectmen support it. It is very responsible and good for the town.

254 Andrew Woodruff asked whether Aquinnah has faced a 10,000 sq. ft. house. Sara Thulin

said a very visible 7-8000 sq. ft. project was reduced to 2800 sq. ft. and moved to conceal the

256 house. Aquinnah regulations have not been challenged in court and the Planning Board has been

successful working with people. The open and visible rule emphasizes vistas and open space.

John Best noted that town has everything in place to limit development with the 2,000 sq. ft.

259 footprint and 24 ft. height restriction, but that zoning regulations could be challenged.

Kathy Newman said a letter on behalf of the Aquinnah Selectmen states that it's a goodproject.

262 Megan Ottens-Sargent said there appears to be some discrepancies about the boundaries of

the Coastal District. She is very concerned about the development envelope on lot 6 and

264 protecting the resource features. **Sara Thulin** said that the Planning Board would not do a

formal review until it had a specific plan with house design and landscape plan, but at that time

Aquinnah would address Coastal District regulations; the town Boards have not officially reviewed the proposed development envelopes.

268 Doug Hoehn said the development envelopes aren't based on on-site identification of features. 269 The Planning Board would never grant approval based on the subdivision plan. A building plan 270 would trigger more extensive work.

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272 **2.4 Public Comment**

Bob Woodruff, former staff biologist for the Vineyard Conservation Society, spoke in support of what he called an excellent submission of a very good long-range estate plan.

- Many of the 30 acres on Moshup Trail that he helped preserve abut the
 Kennedy/Schlossburg property.
- The property is an extremely amazing habitat, which supports a pair of northern harrier hawk and a rare orchid species; 12 rare or endangered species are on the property.
- The property has been extensively studied by Mass Natural Heritage.
- Thousands of tons of sand move around the property by wind every day, including in inland areas.
- At the Commission site visit to Lot 6, some concerns were raised about the southeasterly
 building envelope, which is near a completely secondary dune. He suggested that if some
 building envelope lines were moved in lots five and six, more habitat could be better
 protected.
- What the family has done and will do will be right and smart for the Island and the town.

Ted Cameron, an abutter, said he welcomes the project with open arms; it's an asset. He asked about the family's land on the northwest side of Moshup Trail. Edwin Schlossberg said it's not part of this project.

- 290 There was a discussion of lot 6:
- 291 Doug Sederholm said he is loathe to redraw the lines of the subdivision because of the
 292 planning that has been done, but he is also loathe to approve any subdivision plan that
 293 will allow construction on a secondary dune.
- **Bob Woodruff** said there is a vegetated secondary dune with beach grass and false heather. The dune is pure sand and geologically could be 20-50 feet deep.
- Sara Thulin said that if the Conservation Commission were looking at a 53-acre lot that
 has other building sites, it wouldn't allow building on a secondary dune, which would be
 protected in the Coastal District regulations.

- Doug Hoehn said they are not pretending they microstudied the lot. If they can't build there, they can't.
- Dick Renehan said it's likely that the northernmost building envelope that would likely
 be used first but he'd prefer that the second building envelope not be eliminated.
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304 **2.5 Commissioners' Discussion**

305 **Linda Sibley** said she is impressed by Aquinnah's regulations, which allows the Commission to 306 let go of the regulating it's done in some towns. She's heard Commissioners' concern that some 307 of the regulations are so innovative that they might be overturned and asked if the applicant and 308 his representatives might think of some way to allow Commission oversight if Aquinnah's 309 regulations were overturned.

- 310 **Dick Renehan** said he believes that it is the Commission's duty is to decide on the law as it 311 exists. When town statutes are challenged, the towns win. He believes that the 2,000 sq. ft. by-312 law will be upheld.
- 313 Andrew Woodruff asked if there would be a willingness to consider a maximum building size

regardless of the Aquinnah by-laws. **Dick Renehan** said that putting a limit on building size

- 315 hurts the applicant and he doubts they would voluntarily offer that limit.
- **John Breckenridge** said a DCPC can be rescinded by a 2/3 vote of the town. The property is currently protected by DCPCs, but there is no guarantee that those will always be in place.
- 318 John Best said the number of houses is of concern because of wastewater. He doesn't believe
- 319 there is any threshold that would trigger further review by the Commission. He asked if there
- 320 might be an offer of a threshold of the number of residences per lot that would trigger
- 321 Commission review. **Dick Renehan** said they would put something in writing and submit before 322 the public hearing is closed.
- 323 **John Best** asked if there were anything that precludes the sale of the whole lot in the subdivided 324 form.
- 325 Megan Ottens-Sargent said Sheriff's Meadow and Vineyard Conservation Society had
- 326 written that they had not had the opportunity to do extensive review. Dick Renehan said
- 327 Aquinnah Conservation Commission and Natural Heritage review should be enough and further
- 328 Commission review shouldn't be necessary.
- 329 Jim Athearn said this is a wonderful plan but he likes John Best's trigger. He is confident that 330 Aquinnah will take care of the site review.
- 331 **Carlene Condon** said the applicant and professionals have done an extraordinary job of 332 creating a comprehensive plan anticipating Commission concerns.
- The plan is environmentally sensitive; the lots offer the possibility of considerable habitat preservation.
- Thought has been given to maintaining vistas along Moshup trail.
- She is satisfied the Aquinnah process will stand up to appeal and protect future
 development.
- The affordable housing contribution is significant.

- At the appropriate time, she would move to approve it with the offers that the applicant has made.
- 341 Andrew Woodruff said he is concerned with lot 6 and whether there enough height in the hill
- 342 to tuck a house into. **Doug Hoehn** said the Aquinnah by-law is strict, but it looks like there is
- 343 height in the southeast corner of the building envelope.
- 344 **Kathy Newman** asked about the size of the building envelopes. **Doug Hoehn** said that they 345 are about 5 acres.
- 346 **Doug Sederholm** sees the need to build in some potential further review by the Commission.
- 347 He knows that the Aquinnah regulations will be upheld and vigorously enforced, but the
- 348 communities are politically volatile. He would like to see a threshold to trigger Commission349 review.
- 350 **Carlene Condon** suggested that the applicant could be bound by present Aquinnah
- 351 regulations.
- 352 Megan Ottens-Sargent said this is a simple subdivision that addresses many things. One
- 353 trigger for Commission review that wouldn't constrain the applicant could be the threshold of five 354 houses and five guest houses.
- 355 **Christina Brown** said that a site visit would take place on Sunday, February 5th at 9:30 a.m.
- The written record will remain open until 4:00 p.m. on February 9th. LUPC will meet on Monday,
 February 13th.
- 358 The Commission took a short break.
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360 **<u>3. VINEYARD ENERGY PROJECT</u>**

361 Linda Sibley said that the Vineyard Energy Project has asked the Commission to create a small 362 subcommittee to meet with them. Anyone interested should stay after the meeting to submit his or 363 her name.

The meeting adjourned at 10:12 p.m.

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368 369	Chairman	Date
370 371		
372 373 374	Clerk-Treasurer	Date